

**Answer the following questions:**

**The first question:**

**choose the correct answer:**

- ❖ if  $p_{40} = 0.97$ ,  $p_{41} = 0.96$  and  $l_{40} - l_{42} = 120$ , then
- 1) The probability that a person aged (40) will live to reach age (42) is.  
a) 0.8312                      b) 0.9312                      c) 0.7312                      (d) other answer.
  - 2) a probability that a person aged (40) will live to reach age (43) is.  
a) 0.8671                      b) 0.6671                      c) 0.7671                      (d) other answer.
  - 3) the number of livings at exactly age 40 ( $l_{40}$ ) equals to.....  
a) 1644                      b) 1544                      c) 1744                      (d) other answer.
  - 4) the number of livings at exactly age 41 ( $l_{41}$ ) equals to.....  
a) 1792                      b) 1592                      c) 1692                      (d) other answer.
  - 5) the number of livings at exactly age 42 ( $l_{42}$ ) equals to.....  
a) 1624                      b) 1724                      c) 1524                      (d) other answer.
  - 6) the number of deaths at the age 42 ( $d_{42}$ ) equals to.....  
a) 212                      b) 112                      c) 312                      (d) other answer.
  - 7) Probability that a person aged (40) will die at age (43) year.  
a) 0.0641                      b) 0.0541                      c) 0.0441                      (d) other answer.
  - 8) Probability of dying of a person 40 years old between the age 41 and age 43 exactly.  
a) 0.1229                      b) 0.1129                      c) 0.1029                      (d) other answer.
  - 9) the number of deaths at the age 40 ( $d_{40}$ ) equals to.....  
a) 55                      b) 52                      c) 56                      (d) other answer.
  - 10) the number of deaths at the age 41 ( $d_{41}$ ) equals to.....  
a) 62                      b) 61                      c) 68                      (d) other answer.
  - 11) The probability that a person aged (40) will live to reach age (44) is.  
a) 0.8671                      b) greater than 0.8671                      c) less than 0.8671                      (d) other answer.
  - 12) The probability that a person aged (40) dies before age (44) is.  
a) 0.2531                      b) 0.1531                      c) 0.3531                      (d) other answer.
  - 13) The probability that a person aged (40) dies before age (45) is.  
a) 0.20                      b) greater than 0.20                      c) less than 0.20                      (d) other answer.

❖ A person aged 35 wishes to purchase life annuity that will pay \$1 at the age of

- 14) 36 and the same amount at the end of each year thereafter for life. The net single premium is .....  
a)  $\frac{N_{37}+D_{36}}{D_{35}}$                       b)  $\frac{N_{35}+D_{35}}{D_{35}} - 2$                       c)  $\frac{N_{35}-N_{36}}{D_{35}}$                       d) other answer.
- 15) 35 and the same amount each year thereafter for life. The net single premium is .....  
a)  $\frac{N_{36}-D_{35}}{D_{35}}$                       b)  $\frac{N_{35}-N_{36}}{D_{35}} - 1$                       c)  $\frac{N_{36}+D_{35}}{D_{35}}$                       d) other answer.
- 16) 40 and the same amount each year thereafter for life. The net single premium is .....  
a)  $\frac{N_{40}}{D_{35}}$                       b)  $\frac{N_{40}+D_{40}}{D_{35}}$                       c)  $\frac{N_{40}-D_{40}}{D_{35}}$                       d) other answer.
- 17) 36 and the same amount each year for 5 years only. The net single premium is .....  
a)  $\frac{N_{35}-N_{41}+D_{36}}{D_{35}}$                       b)  $\frac{N_{36}-N_{41}+D_{35}}{D_{35}} + 1$                       c)  $\frac{N_{36}-N_{41}}{D_{35}}$                       d) other answer.
- 18) 35 and the same amount each year for 10 years. The net single premium is .....  
a)  $\frac{N_{35}-N_{45}+2D_{35}}{D_{35}} - 2$                       b)  $\frac{N_{35}+N_{45}+D_{35}}{D_{35}}$                       c)  $\frac{N_{36}}{D_{35}}$                       d) other answer.
- 19) 40 and the same amount each year for 15 years. The net single premium is .....  
a)  $\frac{N_{39}+N_{55}+D_{40}}{D_{35}}$                       b)  $\frac{N_{39}-N_{55}+D_{40}}{D_{35}}$                       c)  $\frac{N_{41}-N_{55}+D_{35}}{D_{35}}$                       d) other answer.

❖ \$10 whole life policy is issued to a man aged 25.

- 20) the net single premium is .....  
a)  $10 \times \frac{M_{26}}{D_{25}}$                       b)  $10 \times \frac{M_{25}}{N_{25}-N_{26}}$                       c)  $10 \times \frac{M_{25}}{D_{26}}$                       d) other answer.



- 21) if the policy is straight life policy, the net annual premium is .....  
 a)  $10 \times \frac{M_{25}}{N_{26}}$  b)  $10 \times \frac{N_{25}}{N_{25}+D_{25}}$  c)  $10 \times \frac{M_{25}}{N_{26}+D_{25}}$  d) other answer.
- 22) if the policy is a 20-payment life policy, the net annual premium is .....  
 a)  $10 \times \frac{M_{25}}{N_{26}-N_{45}+D_{25}}$  b)  $10 \times \frac{M_{25}}{N_{25}-D_{45}}$  c)  $10 \times \frac{M_{25}}{N_{26}-N_{45}}$  d) other answer.
- ❖ A \$1 20-year endowment insurance policy was bought by someone aged 40.
- 23) the net single premium is .....  
 a)  $\frac{M_{60}-M_{40}+D_{60}}{D_{40}}$  b)  $\frac{M_{40}-M_{60}+D_{60}}{N_{40}-N_{41}}$  c)  $\frac{M_{60}-M_{40}+D_{60}}{D_{60}}$  d) other answer.
- 24) the net annual premium is .....  
 a)  $\frac{M_{60}-M_{40}-D_{60}}{N_{60}-N_{40}}$  b)  $\frac{M_{40}-M_{60}-D_{60}}{N_{40}-N_{60}}$  c)  $\frac{M_{60}-M_{40}+D_{60}}{N_{40}-N_{20}}$  d) other answer.
- 25) assume that the net annual premium is payable in 15 equal annual payments, the size of the annual premium payment is .....  
 a)  $\frac{M_{60}-M_{40}-D_{60}}{N_{55}-N_{40}}$  b)  $\frac{M_{40}-M_{60}-D_{60}}{N_{40}-N_{55}}$  c)  $\frac{M_{60}-M_{40}+D_{60}}{N_{40}-N_{55}}$  d) other answer.

**The second question:**

Using the only computation symbol ( $N$ ) without ( $M$ ) or ( $D$ ), find the net single premium for life annuities:

- (a) A five- year life annuity of 10\$ per year for a person aged 20 if first payment is to pay made at age 21.
- (b) A five- year life annuity of 10\$ per year for a person aged 20 if first payment is due now.
- (c) A five- year life annuity of 10\$ per year for a person aged 20 if first payment is due at age 40.
- (d) A life annuity of 10 \$ for a person aged 21 and the same amount at the end of each year thereafter for life.
- (e) A life annuity of 10 \$ for a person aged 20 and the same amount at the end of each year thereafter for life.

**The third question:**

Using the only computation symbols ( $N$ ) and ( $M$ ) for life insurance policy:

- (a) \$10 whole life policy is issued to a man aged 25. Find the net single premium.
- (b) \$10 whole life policy is issued to a man aged 25, if the policy is straight life policy, find the net annual premium.
- (c) \$10 whole life policy is issued to a man aged 25, if the policy is a 20-payment life policy, find the net annual premium.
- (d) A \$100 20-year endowment insurance policy was bought by someone aged 40. Find the net single premium.
- (e) A \$100 20-year endowment insurance policy was bought by someone aged 40. Find the net annual premium.
- (f) A \$100 20-year endowment insurance policy was bought by someone aged 40 and assumes that the net annual premium is payable in 15 equal annual payments, Find the net annual premium.

**Finish of the exam**