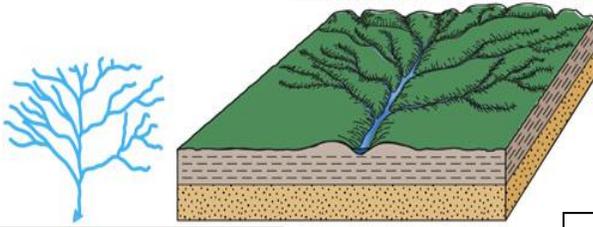
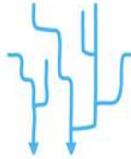


**Q1: Identify the following drainage patterns and compare between them:**

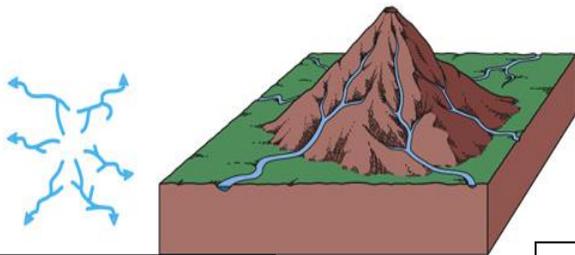
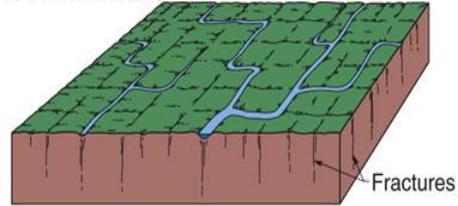
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(a)



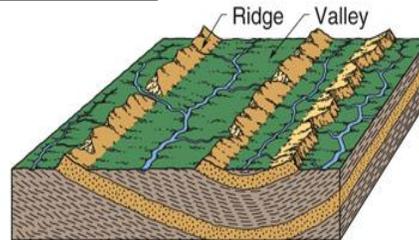
(b)



(c)



(d)



**Q2: Identify and define the following:**



**Q3: Choose the correct answer:**

**1. When does marine deposition occur?**

- It occurs when the energy of moving water is increased.
- It occurs when the energy of moving water is diminished.

**2. When do spits form?**

- a. Low discharge from estuaries encourages offshore sediment deposition.
- b. High discharge from estuaries prevents offshore sediment deposition.
- c. Sediments are moved by longshore currents into more shallow waters.
- d. Sediments are moved by longshore currents into deeper water.

**3. When do tombolos form?**

- a. Waves converge from two different directions on the landward side of a near-shore island.
- b. Low discharge from estuaries encourages offshore sediment deposition.
- c. High discharge from estuaries prevents offshore sediment deposition.
- d. Erosion wears away the bottom of a tall island, leaving it as an isolated pinnacle.

**4. What is the purpose of jetties?**

- a. They prevent beach drift.
- b. They minimize beach erosion.
- c. They confine the flow of a stream's outlet to a narrow channel so that velocity will be high and sediment deposition will be low
- d. They prevent headward erosion of a prominent land feature (e.g., a point).

**5. .... is a portion of the beach that is landward of the high-water line, ..... is The portion of the beach that is regularly covered and uncovered by the rise and fall of high tides.**

- a. Backshore.
- b. Offshore.
- c. Foreshore.

**Q4: Explain with drawing landforms associated with:**

- 1. volcanic and plutonic?
- 2. folding?